

the 1990s. The first of these is the development of the 'new' ergonomics, which is based on the idea of 'total work' (see below).

The second is the development of the 'new' occupational health and safety (OHS) paradigm, which is based on the idea of 'total risk' (see below). The third is the development of the 'new' occupational medicine (OM) paradigm, which is based on the idea of 'total health' (see below).

The 'new' ergonomics paradigm is based on the idea of 'total work', which is defined as the sum of all work-related activities, both on and off the job. This includes not only the physical work itself, but also the social and psychological aspects of work, such as the work environment, the work schedule, and the work-life balance.

The 'new' OHS paradigm is based on the idea of 'total risk', which is defined as the sum of all risks, both physical and psychological. This includes not only the physical risks of injury and illness, but also the psychological risks of stress and mental health problems.

The 'new' OM paradigm is based on the idea of 'total health', which is defined as the sum of all health-related factors, both physical and psychological. This includes not only the physical health of the worker, but also the psychological health of the worker, such as the worker's mental health and well-being.

The 'new' ergonomics, OHS and OM paradigms are all based on the idea of 'total' (total work, total risk, total health). This is a new way of thinking about work, risk and health, and it is a new way of approaching the study of work, risk and health.

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